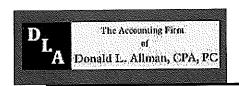
Audited Financial Statements
Independent Auditor's Report And
Supplemental Schedules
For the Year Ended
September 30, 2022

CITY OF FLORENCE, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

Donald L Allman, CPA, PC 4749 Williams Drive, Ste. 322 Georgetown, Texas 78633 Email: dallman@donallmancpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Florence, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Florence, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Florence, Texas's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Florence, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Florence, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Florence, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the City of Florence, Texas's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Florence, Texas's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-9 and 37-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Florence, Texas internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Florence, Texas's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Florence, Texas internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Donald L. Allman, CPA, P.C.

Georgetown, TX December 4, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of the City of Florence, Texas, discuss and analyze the City's financial performance for the year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the City's Basic Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The city's net position was \$4,665,978 for the governmental activities fund and \$2,789,241 for the business-type activities fund at September 30, 2022.
- The General Fund had a decrease in net position of \$(257,977).
- The Proprietary Fund had a decrease in net position of \$(297,430).
- The General Fund on the governmental funds basis had a decrease in net position of \$(227,078) and had an ending fund balance of \$4,833,077.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the city's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the city's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the budget. The fiduciary statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The required Supplementary Information section contains financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. The section labeled Other Supplementary Information contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the City is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis used by private sector companies. This means all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

All of the current year's revenues are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The City's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who pay for the costs of some programs (such as utility funds) and grants provided by the outside parties and agencies (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or other unrestricted sources (general revenues). All of the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the City, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities.

Governmental Activities-Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type Activities – The City charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides in the Revenue Fund.

Business-type Activities – The City charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides in the Revenue Fund.

Component Units – The City includes two separate legal entities in its report – the Economic Development Corporation (4A) and the Infrastructure/Improvement Corporation (4B). Although legally separate, these "component units" are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Laws and contracts require the City to establish some funds, such as grants received from a governmental agency. The city's administration may establish other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City's two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the city's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds — The City reports the activities for which it charges users in proprietary funds using the same accounting method employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (one category of proprietary funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$7,455,219 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Governmental activities net position decreased by \$(257,977) during the current year.

Business-type activities net position decreased by \$(297,430) during the current year.

TABLE I
CITY OF FLORENCE, TEXAS
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
September 30, 2022

	Govern Activ	mental vities	Busines Activ	ss-type vities	То	tal
	Sep-2022	Sep-2021	Sep-2022	Sep-2021	Sep-2022	Sep-2021
Current assets	\$ 4,918,419	\$ 5,172,107	\$ 361,491	\$ 649,504	\$ 5,279,910	\$ 5,821,611
Capital assets	2,181,403	2,297,940	3,387,577	3,586,758	5,568,980	5,884,698
Total assets	7,099,822	7,470,047	3,749,068	4,236,262	10,848,890	11,706,309
Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,059	13,852	8,085	11,878	18,144	25,730
Total deferred outflows	10,059	13,852	8,085	11,878	18,144	25,730
Current liabilities	117,260	160,646	237,281	344,861	354,541	505,50%
Long-term liabilities	2,287,966	2,379,051	695,563	799,969	2,983,529	3,179,020
Total liabilities	2,405,226	2,539,697	932,844	1,144,830	3,338,070	3,684,527
Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,677	20,247	35,068	16,639	73,745	36,88€
Total deferred inflows	38,677	20,247	35,068	16,639	73,745	36,886
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	931,191	1,565,875	2,627,316	2,720,761	3,558,507	4,286,636
Restricted	1,647,340	2,362,811	118,493	118,493	1,765,833	2,481,304
Unrestricted	2,087,447	995,269	43,432	247,417	2,130,879	1,242,686
Total net position	4,665,978	4,923,955	2,789,241	3,086,671	7,455,219	8,010,626

TABLE II
CITY OF FLORENCE, TEXAS
GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	Governn Activi		Business- Activit		Tota	ıl
-	Sep-22	Sep-21	Sep-22	Sep-21	Sep-22	Sep-21
Revenues:		1	•	-		
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	294,342	257,561	970,840	864,123	1,265,182	1,121,684
Operating Grants	-	393,665	**	-	-	393,665
Capital Grants	-	***	1,700	193,826	1,700	193,826
General Revenues					-	-
Operations Taxes	478,977	405,403	-	-	478,977	405,403
General Sales Taxes	330,979	291,475	-	-	330,979	291,475
Franchise Taxes	44,619	42,645	-	-	44,619	42,645
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		-	-		-	
Investment Earnings	16,446	24,388	406	1,303	16,852	25,691
Miscellaneous	42,254	7,468	-		42,254	7,468
Total Revenues	1,207,617	1,422,605	972,946	1,059,252	2,180,563	2,481,857
Expenses:						
General Government	837,897	703,389	_	m++	837,897	703,389
Public Safety	427,353	223,482		_	427,353	223,482
Public Works	69,720	139,150	_		69,720	139,150
Municipal Court	154,119	107,174	ш	_	154,119	107,174
Parks and Recreation	55,185	81,501	_		55,185	81,501
Interest long-term debt	58,145	-	24,918	-	83,063	ève
Water and Sewer	-	**	1,108,633	1,195,934	1,108,633	1,195,934
Total Expenses	1,602,419	1,254,696	1,133,551	1,195,934	2,735,970	2,450,630
Increase in Net Position						
	(394,802)	167,909	(160,605)	(136,682)	(555,407)	31,227
Before Transfers in Special items	(394,802)	107,505	(136,825)	(130,002)	(555,107)	
Transfers In	130,023	_	(130,023)	_	bed.	_
Transfers Out	-	**	_	_	_	_
Special Items	(257.077)	167,909	(297,430)	(136,682)	(555,407)	31,227
Change in Net Position	(257,977)	107,509	(497,430)	(130,002)	(333, 107)	J 4 2 4 7
Net Position - Beginning	4,923,955	4,756,046	3,086,671	3,223,353	8,010,626	7,979,399
Net Position - End	\$ 4,665,978	\$ 4,923,955	\$ 2,789,241	3,086,671	7,455,219	8,010,626

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues were \$127,131 higher than budgeted mainly due to increased revenues across the board. Expenses were \$503,534 higher than anticipated mainly due to capital outlay and police expenditures from forfeitures and seizures.

Revenue Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues for Water & Sewer services were \$(35,066) less than anticipated. Operating expenses were \$262,670 more than anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2022, the City has \$5,568,980 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for administration and maintenance.

Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Go	vernmental	Busin	ness-Type		
	1	Activities	A	ctivities	Total 2022	Total 2021
·						
Land	\$	106,919	\$	8,802	115,721	115,721
Machinery & Equipment		487,641		81,548	569,189	538,395
Buildings & Improvement		1,277,365			1,277,365	1,361,944
Street Improvements		309,478		-	309,478	375,267
Water System		_	2	,408,884	2,408,884	2,565,421
Sewer System		-		888,343	888,343_	927,950
Total	\$	2,181,403	\$3	,387,577	5,568,980	5,884,698
Debt						

As of September 30, 2022, the City had loan obligations outstanding of \$3,102,393.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental	Business-Type		T-4-1 2021
	Activities	Activities	Total 2022	Total 2021
Notes Payable Certificates of Obligation	\$ 48,132 2,294,000	\$ 95,261 665,000	143,393 2,959,000	188,062 3,110,000
Total	\$2,342,132	\$760,261	3,102,393	3,298,062

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

For the upcoming fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, the City's budget is fairly consistent with this year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditor with a general overview of the city's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's business office at: City of Florence, Texas, P.O. Box 430, Florence, Texas 76527 or at (254) 793-2490.

City of Florence, Texas Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totai	Component Units
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$ 794,323	\$ 98,750	\$ 893,073	\$ 85,277
Restricted Cash	4,041,678	118,493	4,041,678	
Net Pension Asset	37,877	34,005	71,882	
Receivables (net allowance for uncollectibles)	44,541	110,243	154,784	ı
Total current assets	4,918,419	361,491	5,279,910	85,277
Capital assets				
Land	106,919	8,802	115,721	ı
Buildings	1	ı	1	ŧ
Machinery & equipment, net of depreciation	2,074,484	3,378,775	5,453,259	1
Total capital assets	2,181,403	3,387,577	5,568,980	\$
Other assets		-		
Total assets	7,099,822	3,749,068	10,848,890	85,277
DEFERRED OUTS OWN OF RESOURCES			,	-
Deferred outflows of resources	10,059	8,085	18,144	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	24,248	59,428	83,676	3,963
Customer Deposits		83,681	83,681	
Long-term liabilities				
Current portion loan payable	93,012	94,172	187,184	
Long-term loan payable	2,249,120	680,999	680,999	
Compensated absences payable	25,663	16,290	41,953	
Net OPEB Liability	13,183	13,184	26,367	ι
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1	1	•	-
Total liabilities	2,405,226	932,844	3,338,070	3,963
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,677	35,068	73,745	
Total deferred inflows of resources	38,677	35,068	73,745	
NETPOSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	931,191	2,627,316	3,558,507	Ī
Restricted for:	ı	1	•	ţ
Child and safety	8,905	ŧ	8,905	
Construction			1	
Court	13,435		13,435	
Debt Service	148,078	118,493	266,571	
Parks	101		101	
Police Department	1,167,315		1,167,315	
Streets	307,851		307,851	
Veterans Memorial	1,655		1,655	
Library			•	81,314
Unrestricted				
Total net position	\$ 4,665,978	\$ 2,789,241	\$ 7,455,219	\$ 81,314

∞

City of Florence, Texas Statement of Activities September 30, 2022

			Date Company	ć	Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Revenue & Change in Net Position	Change in Net	Position
			Onerating Grants	Canital Grants	T 1 1	and covering		
		Charges for	and		Governmental Business-type	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Exp enses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Primary Government								
Governmental activities	4 837 897	30008	ŧ	1	(807.869)	1	(807.869)	1
Dublic Cafety	427.353		ľ	ı	(423,725)	1	(423,725)	1
Diblic Works	69 720	55 163	1	•	(14,557)	,	(14,557)	•
Municipal Court	154 119	203,005	1	,	48.886	1	48,886	1
Doube and momention	55 185	25,505	ı	t	(52,667)	1	(52,667)	,
ratks and recreation Interest on long-term debt	83.063	2,2,10	1	ı	(58,145)	(24,918)	(83,063)	1
Total governmental activities	1,627,337	294,342	-		(1,308,077)	(24,918)	(1,332,995)	
Business-type activities								
Revenue fund	1,108,633	970,840		1,700	1	(136,093)	(136,093)	1
Total business-type activities	1,108,633	970,840		1,700	. (200 002 1)	(136,093)	(136,093)	
l otal primary government	7,733,970	1,202,102		1,/00	(110,000,1)	(101,011)	(000,501,1)	, and the same of
Component Units Component Unit - Library	\$ 28,948	\$ 3,782	\$ 19,402	€9				(5,764)
		ι	t	*				
Total components units	\$ 28,948	\$ 3,782	\$ 19,402	- ⊌				
			IXXIIIIIIIII					
	General revenue	enue						
	Taxes				1			
	_	Property taxes,	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	p urp oses	478,977	1	4/8,9//	ŧ
	_	Franchise taxes			44,619	1	44,619	E
	07	Sales tax			330,979	1	330,979	ŧ
	Grants a	Grants and contributions	us		ı	1	ı	1
	Unrestri	Unrestricted investment earnings	nt earnings		16,446	406	16,852	1,047
	M iscellaneous	neons			42,254	E	42,254	961
	Transfers				136,825	(136,825)	1	1
		Fotal general re	Total general revenues, special items, and transfer	ms, and transfer	1,050,100	(136,419)	913,681	2,008
		Change in net position	et position		(257,977)	(297,430)	(555,407)	(3,756)
	Net position	Net position - beginning			4,923,955	3,086,671	8,010,626	85,070
	Net position - ending	n - ending			\$4,665,978	\$ 2,789,241	\$7,455,219	\$ 81,314
			6					

City of Florence, Texas Balance Sheet Government Funds September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	\$ 794.323	\$ -	\$ 794,323
Cash and cash equivalents	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Φ -	4,041,678
Restricted Cash	4,041,678		* *
Property Taxes receivable, net	23,217	-	23,217
Other receivables	21,324	***	21,324
Total assets	\$ 4,880,542		\$ 4,880,542
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ 24,248 23,217 47,465	\$ -	\$ 24,248 23,217 47,465
Total liabilities	47,403		17,100
Fund balances:			_
Nonspendable	1 647 340		1 647 240
Restricted	1,647,340		1,647,340
Committed	_		~
Assigned	<u>.</u>		-
Unassigned	3,185,737		3,185,737
Total fund balances	4,833,077	-	4,833,077
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,880,542	\$ -	\$ 4,880,542

City of Florence, Texas Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2022

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$4,833,077
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the	
Statement of Net Position.	2,181,403
Deferred Outflows of Resources are not included in Govt Funds	10,059
Difference in deferred property tax revenue for governmental funds	(2,446)
Net Pension Asset is not included in Governmental Funds	37,877
Net OPEB Liability is not included in governmental funds	(13,183)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and	
therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental fund.	(2,342,132)
Deferred Outflows of Resources are not included in Govt. Funds	(38,677)
Net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position	\$4,665,978

City of Florence, Texas Statement of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	\$ 475,701	\$ -	\$ 475,701
Property taxes	\$ 475,701 330,979	Φ -	330,979
Sales taxes	44,619	-	44,619
Franchise Fees Fees and fines	203,005	-	203,005
	30,028	_	30,028
Licenses and permits	16,446		16,446
Investment earnings	58,791	_	58,791
Charges for services	36,791	_	50,751
Grants Miscellaneous	42,254	_	42,254
	1,201,823		1,201,823
Total revenues	1,201,623		1,201,023
EXPENDITURES			
Current:	744,182	_	744,182
General government	264,327		264,327
Public safety	3,931	_	3,931
Highways and roads	153,684	_	153,684
Municipal Court Culture and recreation	18,425		18,425
	89,933	_	89,933
Loan principal payments	69,933 58,145		58,145
Loan interest expense	-	-	233,099
Capital outlay	233,099		1,565,726
Total expenditures	1,565,726		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(363,903)		(363,903)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Loan Proceeds	-	-	••
Transfers in	136,825	-	136,825
Transfers out		-	
Total other financing sources and uses	136,825	-	136,825
Net change in fund balances	(227,078)		(227,078)
Prior period adjustment		_	-
Fund balances - beginning	5,060,155	w	5,060,155
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,833,077	\$	\$ 4,833,077

City of Florence, Texas Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (227,078)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Total Pension expense is not recognized in Governmental Funds	(7,571)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increase in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal	
payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	233,099
Difference in property tax revenue for governmental funds	(3,276)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(349,636)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transfers, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	6,552
Loan Principal payments not included in government wide financial statements	89,933
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (257,977)

City of Florence, Texas Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2022

	Business Type Activities
	Revenue Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 98,750
Restricted cash	118,493
Net Pension Asset	34,005
Accounts receivable, net	110,243
Total current assets	361,491
Non-current assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and Improvements	8,802
Machinery and equipment, net of depreciation	3,378,775
Total non-current assets	3,387,577
Other assets	
Total assets	3,749,068
Deferred Outflows of resources	8,085
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	59,428
Customer deposits	83,681
Current portion Certificates and Loans	94,172
Total current liabilities	237,281
Long-term liabilities:	
Net OPEB Liability	13,184
Compensated absences payable	16,290
Long-term liabilities:	666,089
Net Pension Liability	
Total Long-term liabilities	695,563
Total liabilities	932,844
Deferred Inflows of Resources	35,068
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,627,316
Restricted	118,493
Unrestricted	43,432
Total net position	\$ 2,789,241

City of Florence, Texas Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

REVENUES Charges for services 970,840 Miscellaneous - Total operating revenues 970,840 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services 451,199 Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671 Total net position - ending 2,789,241		Business-Type Activities
Charges for services 970,840 Miscellaneous - Total operating revenues 970,840 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services 451,199 Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position - beginning 3,086,671		Revenue Fund
Miscellaneous - Total operating revenues 970,840 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services 451,199 Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	REVENUES	4
Total operating revenues 970,840 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services 451,199 Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Charges for services	970,840
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services 451,199 Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Miscellaneous	
Personnel services 451,199 Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Total operating revenues	970,840
Contractual services 58,777 Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	OPERATING EXPENSES	
Utilities 47,081 Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Personnel services	451,199
Repairs and maintenance 48,878 Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Contractual services	58,777
Other supplies and expenses 411,939 Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 406 Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Utilities	47,081
Depreciation 252,502 Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Repairs and maintenance	48,878
Total operating expenses 1,270,376 Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 406 Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Other supplies and expenses	411,939
Operating income (loss) (299,536) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 406 Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671		252,502
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Total operating expenses	1,270,376
Interest income 406 Interest expense - Operating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Total non-operating revenue (expenses) 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Operating income (loss)	(299,536)
Interest expense - Coperating grants and contributions 1,700 Transfers out - Contributions 2,106 Income (loss) before contributions and transfers (297,430) Transfers in - Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Operating grants and contributions Transfers out Total non-operating revenue (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning 1,700 2,106 (297,430) (297,430) 3,086,671	Interest income	406
Operating grants and contributions Transfers out Total non-operating revenue (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning 1,700 2,106 (297,430) (297,430) 3,086,671	Interest expense	-
Total non-operating revenue (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning 2,106 (297,430) (297,430)	-	1,700
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning (297,430) 3,086,671	Transfers out	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Transfers in Change in net position Total net position - beginning (297,430) 3,086,671	Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	2,106
Change in net position (297,430) Total net position - beginning 3,086,671		(297,430)
Total net position - beginning 3,086,671	Transfers in	
	Change in net position	(297,430)
		3,086,671
		\$ 2,789,241

City of Florence, Texas Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

		iness-Type Activities
	Rey	venue Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	Ф	070 940
Cash receipts from customers	\$	970,840 (451,199)
Payments to employees		(650,055)
Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by operating activities	200000	(130,414)
net cash provided by operating activities		(130,111)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		<u>.</u>
Net transfer from other funds		<u></u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(53,321)
Debt principal payments		(105,736)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		(159,057)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(289,471)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		506,714
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	217,243
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
Provided by operating activities		
Operating income		(297,430)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
Net cash provided by operating activities:		0.50.500
Depreciation		252,502
Amortization		1,973
Change in assets and liabilities:		1,881
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		15,120
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(104,763)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(3,414)
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset		(16,578)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-
(Increase) decrease in Deferred Outflows		(1,927)
Increase (Decrease) in net OPEB liability		3,793
Increase (Decrease) in deferred inflows		18,429
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(130,414)

City of Florence, Texas Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Florence, Texas is a general law city in Williamson County, incorporated in the State of Texas in 1929. The City operates under a Council form of government and provides such services as public safety, highways, streets, sanitation and water and sewer, judicial, community improvements, planning and zoning, culture-recreation, general administrative, and other services as authorized by its code of ordinances and its citizens.

The City Council, which is elected at large, consists of a Mayor and five Aldermen constituting an ongoing entity and is the level of government which has governing responsibilities over all activities related to the City. The City is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Councilmen are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The financial statements of the City of Florence, Texas are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

Generally accepted accounting principles require that these financial statements present the city of Florence, Texas (the primary government) and its component units. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of its financial relationship with the City and the City's ability to appoint its directors.

The component unit is presented using the discrete method. Its financial data is presented in a separate column as a government type fund because it is legally separate from the City.

Component Units

The Florence Public Library is a separate legal entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. This component unit has been discreetly presented within the financial statements of the City because it exclusively benefits the primary government and the citizens of Florence. The component unit does not maintain separate financial statements other than those included in this report.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the City of Florence, Texas and its component units nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes. State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the City operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the City. The "grants and contributions" columns include amounts paid by organizations outside the City to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the City's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental/Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and enterprise funds remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as internal balances and on the Statement of Activities as interfund transfers. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for City operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The City considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are include on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The City considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The City considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the City to refund to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The City applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Council pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Positon. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

Proprietary Fund – accounts for the operating activities of the City's water and sewer services.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

E. NATURE AND PURPOSE OF CLASSIFICATION OF FUND EQUITY

The fund balance classifications for governmental Funds are:

Nonspendable- Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact.

Restricted – Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts restricted due to constitutional provisions now enabling legislation.

Committed - Includes fund balance amounts that are self-imposed by the City to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned – Includes the residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories.

F. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND PROPRIETARY FUND NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets – Consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Restricted net position – consist of assets that are restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors (including those who have donated to the City's parks endowment less related liabilities and deferred inflows or resources).

Unrestricted – all other net position is reported in this category.

G. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the City considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three years or less when purchased.
- 2. The City reports purchase of supplies as expenditures. If any supplies are on hand at the end of the year, their total cost is recorded as inventory, and the expenditure is reduced. There was no inventory at year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

G. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- 3. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.
 - In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.
- 4. Employees of the City are entitled to vacation and sick leave based on category/class of employment. Vacation and sick leave are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.
- 5. Capital assets which include land buildings, furniture and equipment and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	5-40
Building Improvements	5-20
Infrastructure	40
Machinery and Equipment	3-7
Furniture and Fixtures	3-7
Computer Equipment	3-5

- 6. The City provides health insurance coverage for its full-time employees through Texas Municipal League. The City pays for 100% of premium for individual coverage. Additional coverage for dependents are paid in full by employees.
- 7. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Page 11 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Page 13 provides a reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net position balances and the change in net position.

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Council adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Revenue Fund. The City is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The City compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears on Page 32 and the other report is on Page 33.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements.

- 1. Prior to September 30, the City prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Council. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Council. Amendments are presented to the Council at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Council approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Council, and are not made after fiscal year end. The City had no budget amendments during the year. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. As of September 30, 2022, the City had a signed depository contract with Verabank, the City's depository bank.

At September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposits and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$4,934,751 and the bank balance was \$4,934,751. The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2022 and during the year ended September 30, 2022 were entirely covered by the FDIC Insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank in the City's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Amount other things, it requires the City to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the City to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings account, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the City to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the act. The City is in substantial compliance with requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Both cash deposits and investments held at a financial institution can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are:

- Category 1 Cash or investments that are insured, registered or held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.
- Category 2 Cash or Investments that are uninsured and unregistered held by the counter-party's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered investments held by the counterparty, its trust department, or its agent, but not in the City's name.

Based on these three levels of risk, all of the City's investments are classified as Category 1.

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

The City's investments at September 30, 2022 are shown below:

	Carrying	Market	
Name	Amount	Value	Category
Certificates of Deposit	\$100,000	\$ 100,000	1

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the City in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Property taxes become a lien on the first day of the levy year and may be paid in two equal installments. The first installment is due on or before January 31 and the second installment, which bears interest at the State mandated rate, is due on, or before June 30. Accounts not paid as of July 1 are considered to be past due. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

The rate for the 2022 tax roll was 0.705019 per \$100 on 100% of market value. The assessed value was \$57,502,351. The Adjusted Original Tax Levy was \$478,977 and \$484,060 was collected year to date. Current property taxes receivable are \$8,030 and delinquent property taxes receivable are \$15,187, for a total of \$23,217.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the City is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statuary authority from the Texas legislature.

D. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

•	Capit	al Assets, No	ot Depre	ciated	Capital Asse	ts Depreciated	_	
					Buildings &	Machinery &	Street	
		Land			Improvement	Equipment	Improvements	Total
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
Balance September 30, 2021	\$	106,919	\$	ы	\$ 1,796,743	\$ 1,011,664	926,135	\$3,734,542
Increases		-		-		233,099	=	233,099
Decreases		_		-	***	-	-	
Balance September 30, 2022	\$	106,919	\$	-	\$ 1,796,743	\$ 1,244,763	926,135	\$3,967,641
Accumulated Depreciation								
Balance September 30, 2021		_		_	(434,799)	(557,854)	(550,868)	(1,543,521)
Increases		_		_	(84,579)	(199,268)	(65,789)	(349,636)
Decreases				-	-	-		-
Balance September 30, 2022					(519,378)	(757,122)	(616,657)	(1,893,157)
,								
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	106,919	\$		\$ 1,277,365	\$ 487,641	309,478	\$2,181,403

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (cont.)

B. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY (cont.)

	Capital Assets, Not D		Capital Assets, Depreciated			
		Construction	Water	Machinery &	Sewer	
	Land	In Progress	System	Equipment	System	Total
Business-type Activities:						
Balance September 30, 2021	8,802	-	4,164,251	353,753	2,061,978	6,579,982
Increases	-	_	-	23,186	30,135	53,321
Decreases	_	-	-	_	<u></u>	
Balance September 30, 2022	8,802	-	4,164,251	376,939	2,092,113	6,633,303
Accumulated Depreciation			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Balance September 30, 2021	_	-	(1,598,830)	(269,168)	(1,134,028)	(3,002,026)
Increases	_	_	(156,537)	(26,223)	(69,742)	(252,502)
Decreases	_	-		-	-	
Balance September 30, 2022	_	_	(1,755,367)	(295,391)	(1,203,770)	(3,254,528)
Editino Boptonio e I e, I e in						
Business-type Activities						
Capital Assets Net	8,802	-	2,408,884	81,548	888,343	3,378,775
Capital 1350tb 11tt						
Depreciation expense was charge	ed to gove	emmental functi	ons as follows:			
Depreciation expense was charge	General	Simmontal famou	one do lone ive.			83,626
	Street					65,789
		. Pina				163,026
	Police &					435
	_	oal court				
		nd recreation			_	36,760
	Total D	epreciation Exp			_	349,636

C. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND LOANS PAYABLE
The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions in the governmental activities fund for the year ending
September 30, 2022.

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	Due After
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	One Year
Governmental Activities: Certificates of Obligations Notes Payable	\$ 2,360,000 72,065	\$ -	\$ 66,000 23,933	\$ 2,294,000 48,132	\$ 66,012 27,000	\$ 2,227,988 21,132
•	-	-	_	_		
Total Bonds Payable	2,432,065		89,933	2,342,132	93,012	2,249,120
Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	-	
Net Pension Liability	-	-	-	pre.		-
OPEB Liability	8,318	4,865	~	13,183	•	13,183
Compensated Absences	25,663	-	-	25,663		25,663
•	2,466,046	4,865	89,933	2,380,978	93,012	2,287,966

C. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND LOANS PAYABLE (continued)

Note payable to Government Capital Corporation secured by equipment payable in annual installments of \$19,441 including interest at 5.29% with final payment due November 2023. Fifty percent of this loan is serviced by the proprietary fund. Note payable to Government Capital Corporation secured by vehicles payable in annual installments of \$16,607 including interest at 4.375% 48,132 with final payment due May 2024. Series 2020, Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$40,000 beginning in August 2021 and ending in \$54,000 at August 620,000 2035 with interest at 2.35% for street repairs. Series 2021, Certificates of Obligation due in annual installments of \$26,000 to \$64,000 beginning in 2021 and ending 2061 with interest 1,674,000 at 2.375% for buildings and improvements.

\$2,342,132

Governmental Activities-General Fund

Year ending	Bonds Payable		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	93,012	55,543	148,555
2024	95,120	52,867	147,987
2025	71,000	50,115	121,115
2026	73,000	48,905	121,905
2027	75,000	46,635	121,635
2028-2030	234,000	129,372	363,372
2031-2035	429,000	178,775	607,775
Thereafter	1,272,000	459,300	1,731,300
	2,342,132	1,021,512	3,363,644

Notes to Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

C.LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND LOANS PAYABLE (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions in the enterprise activities fund for the year ending September 30, 2022.

Business-Type Activities:		:			:	
Certificates of Obligation	750,000	:	85,000	665,000	85,000	580,000
Total Bonds Payable	750,000	- :	85,000	665,000	85,000	580,000
Notes Payable	115,997	-	20,736	95,261	9,172	86,089
Capital Leases	-	-		u		
Net Pension Liability			- .	-		-
OPEB Liability	8,319	4,865	 .	13,184		13,184
Compensated Absences	16,290		_	16,290	-	16,290
	890,606	4,865	105,736	789,735	94,172	695,563
Note payable to the Texas Department of Transportation, payable in annual installments of \$7,936 including interest at 3% with final payment due July 35 Note payable to the Government Capital Corporation, secured by vehicle payable in annual installments of \$8,137 including interest at 5.23%, with final payment due July 2035. Notes payable to Government Capital Corporation secured by equipment, payable in annual installments of \$19,441 including interest at 5.29%, with final payment due November 2023. Fifty percent of this loan is serviced by the proprietary fund. Series 2019, certificiates of obligations due in annual installments of \$35,000 beginning in April 2021, and ending at \$40,000 in April 2026						
with interest at 2.39 percent. 305,000 Series 2014, certificates of obligation due in annual installments of \$40,000 beginning in April 2015, \$45,000 beginning in April 2020, \$50,000 beginning in April 2024, \$55,000 beginning April 2027, and						305,000
\$60,000, due in April 20		_				360,000
Total						760,261

Notes to Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

C.LONG-TERM LIABILITIES: CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION AND LOANS PAYABLE (continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions in the enterprise activities fund for the year ending September 30, 2022.

Governme	Governmental Activities - Proprietary Fund			
Year ending	Bonds Payable	9		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	94,172	22,008	116,180	
2024	99,821	18,987	118,808	
2025	90,733	15,855	106,588	
2026	439,190	37,593	476,783	
2027	36,345	3,335	39,680	
			·	
	760,261	97,778	858,039	

E. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

The City participates as one of 860 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.tmrs.com.

All eligible employees of the City are required to participate in TMRS.

2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TRMS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employee-financial monetary credits with interest were used to purchase to annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 yearly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms.

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	12
Active employees	13
Total	29

Notes to Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City, Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City were 13.67 and 14.59 for 2021 and 2020, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2022 were 48,857 and were equal to the required contributions.

3. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Inflation

2.5% per year

Overall payroll growth

3.5% per year

Investment Rate of Return

6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% For cities with fewer than twenty employees, more conservative methods and assumptions are used. First, lower termination rates are used for smaller cities, with maximum multipliers of 75% for employers with less than 6 members, 85% for employers with 6 to 10 members, and 100% for employers with 11 to 15 members. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by scale BB to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the gender-district RP2000 Disabled Retire Mortality Table is used, with slight adjustments.

Actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TMRS was for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014, first used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. Healthy post-retirement mortality rates and annuity purchase rates were updated based on a Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011, and dated December 31, 2013. These assumptions were first used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, along with a change to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Assumptions are reviewed annually. No additional changes were made for the 2017 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 6.75%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TMRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table.

Notes to Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Domestic Equity	17.50%	4.80%
International Equity	17.50%	6.05%
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	1.50%
Non-Core Fixed Inc	10.00%	3.50%
Real Return	5.00%	1.75%
Real Estate	10.00%	5.25%
Absolute Return	5,00%	4.23%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.50%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Notes to Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS CURRENT PERIOD September 30, 2022

Total pension liability

Service cost	\$ 49,955
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	40,600
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	5,576
Changes of assumptions	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (10,780)
Net change in total pension liability	85,351
Total pension liability - beginning	 581,897
Tot pension liability - ending	\$ 667,248
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 22,582
Contributions - employee	26,265
Net investment income	80,814
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contributions	(10,780)
Administrative expense	(374)
Other	 1
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 118,508
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 620,622
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 739,130
Net pension liability	\$ (71,882)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	110.77%
Covered-employee payroll	525,293
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	-13.68%

Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the city's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate.

	 ecrease in t Rate (5.75%)	Discount Rate (6.75%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)	
City of Florence's net pension liability	\$ 42,940	\$	(71,882)	\$	(164,593)

Premium Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tnrs.com

Schedule of Pension Expense	
1. Total Service Cost	49,955
2. Interest on the Total Pension Liability	40,600
3. Changes in the Current Period Benefits including substantively automati	c status -
4. Employee Contributions reduction of expense	(26,265)
5. Projected earnings on plan investments	(41,892)
6. Administrative Expense	374
7. Other changes in Fiduciary Net Position	(3)
8. Recognition of Current year Outflow (Inflow) of resources-liabilities	1,377
9. Recognition of Current year Outflow (Inflow) of resources-assets	(7,785)
10. Amortization of Prior Year Outflows (Inflows) of resources-liabilities	(133)
11. Amortization of Prior Year Outflows (Inflows) of resources-assets	(5,423)
12. Total Pension Expense (Income)	10,805

CITY OF FLORENCE SCHEDULE OF OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS - CURRENT AND FUTURE EXPENSE SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				1
	Recognition		2021	· ·
	Period (or	Total (Inflow)	Recognized	Deferred
:	amortization	or Outflow of	in current	(Inflow) Outflow
	yrs)		, ,	sein f <u>uture expe</u> nse
Due to Liabilities:		•		
Difference in expected				
and actual experience	4.0500	\$ 5,576	\$ 1,377	\$ 4,199
[actuarial (gains) or losses]				
		1		
Difference in assumption changes	4.0500	: \$	\$ -	\$ -
[actuarial (gains) or losses]				
		•	\$ 1,377	\$ 4,199
	·			
Due to Assets:	+		1	1 1
Difference in projected				1
and actual earnings	5.0000	\$ (38,922)	\$ (7,785)	\$ (31,137)
.				
on pension plan investments				e e
[actuarial (gains) or losses]	:	:		
[2000]			\$ (7,785)	\$(31,137)
Total:				\$ (26,938)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, by year, to be recognized in future pensio expense as follows:

	Net deferred
•	outflows
a a	(inflows) of
	resources
2022	\$ (2,919)
2023	(14,792)
2024	(7,327) ⁻
2025	(7,714)
2026	·
Thereafter	
Total	\$ (32,752)

Notes to Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2022 (continued)

E. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability. Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions were developed from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four year period from December 31, 2010 to December 31, 2014. These assumptions were adopted in 2015 and first used in the December 31, 2015 valuation.

All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.

The Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 is used as the basis for the post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy annuitants and Annuity Purchase Rate (APRs). Mortality Rates for service employees uses the RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

Inflation 2.50% per year

Overall payroll growth 3.50 to 10.5% per year including inflation

Discount rate 3.31%

Changes in the Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability

Balance at 12/31/20	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB Liability \$ 22,513
Changes for the year Service Cost	2,942
Interest on Total OPEB liability	478
Changes of benefit terms	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(210)
Changes in assumption or other inputs	854
Benefit payments	(210)
Net changes	3,854
Total OPEB Liability – end of year	\$ 26,367
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	5.02%

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the current discount rate of 3.31% as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.31%) or -1 percentage point higher (4.31%) than the current rate. Because the SDBF is considered an unfunded trust, the relevant discount rate to calculate the total OPEB liability is based on the Fidelity Index's 20 year Municipal GO AA Index.

1% Decrease in 1% Increase in

Discount Rate (2.31%) Discount Rate (3.31%) Discount Rate (4.31%) \$32.543 \$26.367 \$21,522

Note E. Other post-employment benefits

SCHEDULE OF OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS - OPEB CURRENT AND FUTURE EXPENSE

SCHEDULE OF OUTFLOWS AN	SEPTEMBER		AND FOTORE E	VLEMPE
Due to Liabilities:	Recognition Period (or amortization yrs)	Total (Inflow) or Outflow of Resources p	2021 Recognized in current (ension expenseir	Deferred Inflow) Outflow Infuture expense
Difference in expected and actual experience [actuarial (gains) or losses]	7.8300	\$ (210)	\$ (27)	\$ (183)
Difference in assumption changes [actuarial (gains) or losses]	7.8300	\$ 854	\$ 110	\$ 744
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date		city to provid	de city to provide	city to provide
Total:				\$ 561

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources, by year, to be recognized in future pensio expense as follows:

	Net deferred outflows
	(inflows) of
	resources
2022	\$ 917
2023	917
2024	847
2025	1,048
2026	1,077
Thereafter	146
Total	\$ 4,952

Due to the SDBF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits. In order to determine the retiree portion of the City's Supplemental Death Benefit Plan contributions (that which is considered OPEB), the City should perform the following calculation:

Total covered payroll * retiree Portion of SDB Contribution (Rate)

F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The date through which subsequent events have been evaluated is December 4, 2023, the date the financials were available to be issues.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Florence, Texas Budget and Actual (with Variances) General Fund For the Year ended September 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts	rmounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	A CANADA	
REVENUES	000 000	000 027	105 350	(000 2)
Property taxes	4/9,000	4/9,000	4/5,/01	(867,5)
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	292,000	292,000 45,000	550,979	56,979
Franchise tees	45,000	45,000	44,619	(381)
rees and tmes	000,541	000,541	200,507	200,00
Licenses and fees	8,000	8,000	50,028	630,77
Charges 10f services	1 800	1 800	16,731 16,446	0,333
mvestment cannago Grants	1,000	10041	2 ') !
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	42,254	40,754
Total revenues	1,074,692	1,074,692	1,201,823	127,131
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General government	776,192	776,192	744,182	(32,010)
Public safety	64,500	64,500	264,327	199,827
Highways and roads	28,700	28,700	3,931	(24,769)
Municipal court	162,250	162,250	153,684	(8,566)
Culture and recreation	30,550	30,550	18,425	(12,125)
Debt principal payments			89,933	89,933
Interest expense	12,000		58,145	58,145
Capital outlay		1 000	233,099	233,099
Total expenditures	1,074,192	1,062,192	1,565,726	503,534
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	004	00%	(200 076)	(276 402)
expendintes Order private College	2000	12,300	(coc,coc)	
OTHER FRANCING SOUNCES (USES)				
Loan proceeds		1	•	ı
Transfers out	(1		136.825	136.825
Total other financing sources and uses		1	136.825	136,825
Net change in fund balances	500	12,500	(227,078)	(239,578)
Prior period adiustment		44.	\$	1
Find balances - beginning	275.126	275.126	5,060,155	4,785,029
Find belances anding	\$ 275,626	\$ 287,626	\$ 4.833.077	\$ 4.545,451
Tund Darances - Chamb			***************************************	

City of Florence, Texas Budget and Actual (with Variances) Enterprise Fund For the Year ended September 30, 2022

Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		\$ (35,066)	\$ (35,066)	(138,440) 59,223 148,633	(29,081) (38,178) (37,164	(349,479) (252,502) (262,670) (297,736)	1,394	1,700 306 (297,430)	(297,430)
Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis		\$ 970,840	970,840	451,199 58,777	47,081 48,878	411,939 252,502 1,270,376 (299,536)	- 406	1,700 2,106 (297,430)	(297,430) 3,086,671 \$ 2,789,241
Amounts	Final	\$ 1,005,906	1,005,906	312,759 118,000 148,623	18,000	537,104 62,460 1,007,706 (1,800)	1,800	1,800	3,086,671
Budgeted Amounts	Original	\$ 1,005,906	1,005,906	312,759 118,000 148,623	18,000	557,104 62,460 - 1,007,706 (1,800)	1,800	1,800	3,086,671
		KEVENUES Charges for services Micelaneous	Miscenaricous Total operating revenues	OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel services Contractual services	Utilities Repairs and maintenance	water & wastewater expenses Other supplies and expenses Depreciation Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	NON-OPERA TING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Capital expenditures Interest income	Interest expense Operating grants and contributions Total non-operating revenue (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	Transfers out Change in net assets Total net position - beginning Total net position - end

CITY OF FLORENCE, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 YEARS (WILL ULTIMATELY BE DESPLAYED)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$ 26,188	\$ 27,880	\$ 30,921	\$ 36,868	\$ 40,502	\$ 43,349	49,955
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	20,349	24,282	26,808	29,536	31,421	35,666	40,600
Changes of benefit terms		_		-	_		-
Difference between expected and							
actual experience	8,418	(14,071)	(11,522)	(21,905)	8,923	6,408	5,576
Change of assumptions	16,329	-	-	-	601	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(4,164)	(216)	(17,302)	(19,486)	(20,477)	(10,780)
employee contributions	(2,043)	Ba-b	_		-	_	to the
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	69,241	33,927	45,991	27,197	61,961	64,946	85,351
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	278,634	347,875	381,802	427,793	454,990	516,951	581,897
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	347,875	381,802	427,793	454,990	516,951	581,897	667,248
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						•	
Contributions - employer	\$ 12,208	\$ 9,864	\$ 12,680	\$ 16,377	\$ 17,529	\$ 19,804	22,582
Contributions - employee	15,155	15,268	16,553	19,404	20,622	22,815	26,265
Net investment income	460	22,785	52,762	(13,789)	71,905	42,165	80,814
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(2,043)	(4,164)	(216)	(17,302)	(19,486)	(20,477)	(10,780)
Administrative expense	(280)	(257)	(273)	(267)	(407)	(273)	(374)
Other	(13)	(14)	(14)	(15)	(14)	(11)	1
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	25,487	43,482	81,492	4,408	90,149	64,023	118,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	311,581	337,068	380,550	462,042	466,450	556,599	620,622
		***********	A 4 60 0 40	A 466 450	<i>4.556.500</i>	A (00 (00	720 120
Plan Fiduciary net Position - Ending (b)	\$337,068	\$ 380,550	\$ 462,042	\$ 466,450	\$ 556,599	\$ 620,622	739,130
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 10,807	\$ 1,252	\$ (34,249)	\$ (11,460)	\$ (39,648)	\$ (38,725)	\$(71,882)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percenta		00	100 010	100 700	100 0001	107 7701	110.7707
of Total Pension Liability	96.89%	99.67%	108.01%	102.50%	107.70%	106.65%	110.77%
Net Pension Liability as Percentage of	0.0001	0.4107	10.2507	0.050/	0.6107	0.4007	12 600/
Covered Employee Payroll	3.57%	0.41%	-10.35%	-2.95%	-9.61%	-8.49%	-13.68% 525,293
Covered Employee Payroll	303,108	305,369	331,058	388,082	412,442	456,305	343,473

CITY OF FLORENCE, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 YEARS (WILL ULTIMATELY BE DESPLAYED)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Actuarially Determined Contribution	11,903	11,074	12,375	15,629	18,121	19,239	22,582		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially									
determined contribution	11,903	11,074	12,375	15,629	18,121	19,239	22,582		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Covered employee payroll	300,039	344,967	378,139	422,729	456,992	485,520	525,293		
Contribution as a percentage of covere	ed								
employee payroll	3.97%	3.21%	3.27%	3.70%	3.97%	3.96%	4.30%		

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December

31 and become effective in January, 13 months later

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Entry Age Normal

Amortizat Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization period 10 years

Asset Vali 10 Year smoothed market, 12% soft corridor

Inflation

2.50%

Salary Inc 3.5% to 10.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return

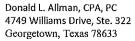
6.75%

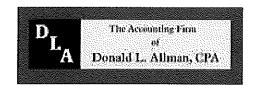
Retiremen Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014-2018

Mortality RP2000 Combined Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment with male rates multiplied by 109% and female rates multiplied by 103% and projected on a fully generational basis with scale BB

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor & City Council City of Florence, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Florence, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Florence, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Florence, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Florence, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Florence, Texas' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Florence, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose

Donald L. Allman, CPA, PC

Georgetown, TX December 4, 2023